



Crop Guide – Cabbage

PLEASE REMEMBER TO ALWAYS READ THE LABEL BEFORE USING ANY CHEMICAL

Fertilizer Program

This is a broad outline for the fertilization of cabbages. Recommendations will vary depending on specific soil samples.

PRE-PLANT

Get acid sat % to 1%. Apply lime and gypsum if necessary.

Cabbages do not grow well on acid soils

If CLUB ROOT is suspected, lime heavily > 3 tonnes/ha

Broadcast KCL, MAP or 6.28.23 to correct K or P deficiencies

PLANT

Use NPK 6.28.23 at 750-1000kg/ha depending on soil analysis

GROWTH STAGE	LIME	6.28.23	KYNOPUS	Foliar Leaf Sprays			N	P2O5	K2O	Ca	Mg	S	B
				KYNOPOP	VEGGIE STARTER	VEGGIE FRUIT							
Pre-planting	1-4tons/ha												
Planting		1000kg/ha		7kg/ha			60	280	230			60	1.5
Week 2			150kg/ha		3kg/ha		69						
Week 4			150kg/ha		3kg/ha		69						
Week 6			75kg/ha			3kg/ha	34.5						
Week 8						3kg/ha							
Week 10						3kg/ha							
Total	1-4tons/ha	1000kg/ha	375kg/ha	7kg/ha	6kg/ha	9kg/ha	233	280	230	0	0	60	1.5

KYNOPOP IS SPRAYED OVER SEEDLINGS PLUGS BEFORE TRANSPLATING IN MIN OF 10% SOLUTION

- Cabbage need all their N applied by week 6 at the latest.
- A later top dress at week 8 can be considered to apply extra K.
- Cabbage requires a high amount of S (+- 30 -45 kg/ha).
- Cabbage is very responsive to fresh fert even if soil fertility is good; they like lots of freshly applied fert .
- Get BIG heads and helps improve the pick out %.
- Cabbages love S and will always respond to an application of fresh fer, regardless of soil nutrient status.
- An application of SOP at week 8 is also acceptable practice