#### SHELF LIFE:

Two years from date of manufacture (see side of container) if stored in a cool, dry place in original, sealed container.

#### PRECAUTIONS:

- 1. Handle with care. Avoid splashing/contact. Poisonous by swallowing, inhalation and contact with the skin.
- 2. Irritating to eyes and skin and causes sensitisation by skin contact
- WEAR FULL PROTECTIVE CLOTHING i.e. rubber gloves, rubber boots, overalls, hood and respirator when handling this pesticide.
- 4. DO NOT eat, drink or smoke while applying this insecticide.
- 5. DANGEROUS TO ANIMALS, FISH, BEES AND BIRDS.
- 6. Remove protective clothing on completion of spraying and wash hands and face thoroughly with soap and water.
- 7. **DO NOT** CONTAMINATE DRINKING POOLS, DAMS, RIVERS AND WATERWAYS.
- 8. DANGEROUS TO LIVESTOCK AND DOMESTIC PETS.
- 9. KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN.
- 10. KEEP APART FROM FOOD AND FOODSTUFFS.
- 11. Store in original container and KEEP UNDER LOCK AND KEY.
- 12. Destroy empty container DO NOT use for any other purpose.

#### EMPTY CONTAINER DISPOSAL:

- 13. Invert the empty container over the spray or mixing tank and allow to drain for at least 30 seconds after the flow has slowed down to a drip. Thereafter rinse the container three times with a volume of water equal to a minimum of 10 % of that of the container. Add the rinsings to the contents of the spray tank before destroying the container in the prescribed manner.
- 14. Destroy empty container by perforation and flattening and bury away from water courses.

After accidental skin contact, DO NOT start flushing with water. Wipe off with dry cloth or using talcum powder then wash with soap and water and apply fatty oil or cream.

# VANTEX 60 CS

INSECTICIDE



HARMFUL IF SWALLOWED

COMPOSITION: (mass / volume)	
gamma-cyhalothrin 60 g	/ litre
solvents, emulsifiers	/ litre
Chemical Group: Synthetic Pyrethroid	

Vantex 60 SC is a synthetic pyrethoid insecticide effective against a range of insect pests on cruciferae, dry beans, green beans, groundnuts, macadamia, maize, sweetcorn, lucerne, onions, peas, potatoes, soyabeans, tomatoes, sorghum, sweetcorn and wheat.

## TO CAUSE A HAZARD IN THE USE, STORAGE OR DISPOSAL OF THIS SUBSTANCE IS AN OFFENCE





#### SYMPTOMS OF POISONING:

Gamma-cyhalothrin can cause feelings of burning, tingling or numbness in exposed areas (paraesthesia)

#### FIRST AID:

**General:** If any sign of poisoning occurs, call a doctor (physician), clinic or hospital immediately. Explain that the victim has been exposed to a pyrethroid insecticide. Describe his/her condition and the extent of exposure. Immediately remove the exposed person from the area where the product is present. As soon as a feeling of tingling is noted in any skin area, it is recommended to immediately apply a vitamin E cream. For this purpose vitamin E cream should be available at the workplace.

If in eyes: Immediately rinse eyes with much water or eyewash solution, occasionally opening eyelids, until no evidence of chemical remains. Remove contact lenses after a few minutes and rinse again. See physician immediately.

If on skin: Immediately remove contaminated clothing and footwear. DO NOT start with flushing with water, but wipe off with dry cloth or using talcum powder, followed by washing with water and soap. Thereafter apply vitamin E cream or fatty skin care oil or cream. See physician if contamination is severe or if feeling unwell.

If swallowed: Let the exposed person rinse mouth and let him/ her drink several glasses of water (not milk or cream or other substance containing fats, which may enhance absorption), but D0 NOT induce vomiting. If vomiting does occur, let him/ her rinse mouth and drink fluids again. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Get medical attention immediately.

Registered by: **Pivotal Agro-Services P/L** P 0 Box WGT 450, Westgate, Harare Telephone 309800 / 25 Manufactured by: **FMC Corporation** 



If inhaled: If experiencing any discomfort, immediately remove from exposure. Light cases: Keep person under surveillance. Get medical attention immediately if symptoms develop. Serious cases: Get medical attention immediately or call for an ambulance. If breathing has stopped, immediately start artificial respiration and maintain until a physician takes charge of the exposed person.

#### NOTE TO PHYSICIAN:

There is no specific antidote against this substance. Gastric lavage and administration of activated charcoal can be considered. After decontamination, treatment is symptomatic and supportive as indicated. Normally recovery is spontaneous.

#### WARNINGS:

Withholding periods: Minimum number of days between last application and harvest or feeding/grazing:

Lucerne (grazing)	8 days
Macadamias	14 days
Wheat, soybeans, and sorghum	28 days
Apples, apricots, nectarines, pea	ars,
table peaches and plums	14 days
Dry beans, maize and sweetcorr	n 7 days
Tomatoes, cruciferae and lupins	(grazing) 2 days
Canning peaches, potatoes, pea	s and onions 3 days
Green beans	
Wheat, soybeans, sorghum and	maize (grazing) 28 days

#### \*Warning against resistance :

**DO NOT** apply more than two applications per growing season. If a pyrethroid gives poor performance **DO NOT** respray with any synthetic pyrethroid, even at a corrective dosage rate. Use a product from a different chemical group.

For resistance management, VANTEX 60 CS is a group code 3A insecticide. Any insect population may contain individuals naturally resistant to VANTEX 60 CS and other group code 3A insecticides. The resistant individuals can eventually dominate the insect population if these insecticides are used repeatedly. These resistant insects may not be controlled by VANTEX 60 CS or any other group code 3A insecticide.

To delay insectide resistance:

- Avoid exclusive repeated use of insecticides from the same insecticide group code. Alternate or tank-mix with products from different insecticide group codes.
- Integrate the control methods (chemical, cultural, biological) into insect control programmes.

**<u>Re-entry interval</u>: DO NOT** enter treated field until spray deposit has dried unless wearing protective clothing.

Aerial application: Notify all inhabitants in the immediate vicinity of the area to be treated and issue the necessary warnings. **DO NOT** spray over or allow drift to contaminate water or adjacent areas.

#### WARRANTY:

Although this remedy has been extensively tested under a large variety of conditions, the registration holder does not warrant that it will be efficacious under all conditions because the action and effect thereof may be affected by factors such as abnormal soil, climatic and storage conditions; quality of dilution water, compatibility with other substances not indicated on the label and the occurrence of resistance of the pest to the remedy concerned as well as by the method, time and accuracy of application. The registration holder furthermore does not accept responsibility for damage to crops, vegetation, the environment or harm to man or animal or for lack of performance of the remedy concerned due to failure of the user to follow the label instructions, or to the occurrence of conditions which could not have been foreseen in terms of the registration. Consult the supplier in the event of any uncertainty.

#### DIRECTIONS FOR USE: Use only as indicated Mixing instructions:

Half fill the spray tank with clean water. Measure out the required quantity of VANTEX 60 CS and pre-mix this with at least 10 liters water. Add this to the spray tank while agitating the mixture. Fill the spray tank while maintaining agitation to ensure thorough mixing of the spray mixture before spraying commences. Maintain agitation during the whole spraying operation.

#### **GROUND APPLICATION:**

It is necessary to fit equipment with hollow cone nozzles that give medium to fine droplets when using a conventional high volume sprayer. Calibrate the equipment before use and ensure correct application. The spray mixture must be evenly distributed over the target area. All spray applications must be made with suitable equipment that is in good working order and correctly calibrated to give the desired coverage for that particular method of application.

#### **AERIAL APPLICATION:**

Aerial application of VANTEX 60 CS may only be done by a registered aerial application operator using a registered and correctly calibrated aircraft according to the instructions of SANS Code 10118 (Aerial Application of Agricultural Pesticides). Ensure that the spray mixture is distributed evenly over the target area and that the loss of spray material during application is restricted to a minimum. It is therefore essential that the following criteria be met;

- Volume: A spray mixture volume of 30 litres per hectare is recommended. As this product has not been evaluated at a reduced volume rate, the registration holder cannot guarantee efficacy, or be held responsible for any adverse effects if this product is applied aerially at a lower volume rate than recommended above.
- Droplet coverage: 30 to 40 droplets per cm<sup>2</sup> must be recovered at the target area.
- Droplet size: A droplet spectrum with a VMD of 250 to 280 microns is recommended. Limit the production of fine droplets less than 150 microns (high drift and evaporation potential) to a minimum.
- Flying height: Maintain the height of the spray boom at 3 to 4 metres above the target. DO NOT spray when aircraft dives, is in a climb or when banking.
- Use suitable atomizing equipment that will produce the desired droplet size and coverage, but which will ensure the minimum loss of product. The spraying system must produce a droplet spectrum with the lowest possible Relative Span.

- Position all the atomizers within the inner 60 to 75 % of the wingspan to prevent droplets from entering the wingtip vortices.
- The difference in temperature between the wet and dry bulb thermometers, of a whirling hygrometer, should not exceed 8°C. Stop spraying if the wind speed exceeds 15 km/h.
- Stop spraying under turbulent, unstable and dry conditions during the heat of the day.
- Spraying under temperature inversion conditions (spraying in or above the inversion layer) and/or high humidity conditions (relative humidity 80 % and above) may lead to the following:
- reduced efficacy due to suspension and evaporation of small droplets in the air (inadequate coverage),
- damage to other sensitive crops and/or non-target areas through drifting of the suspended spray cloud away from the target field.
- Ensure that the Aerial Spray Operator knows exactly which fields to spray.

Obtain an assurance from the Aerial Spray Operator that the above requirements will be met and that relevant data will be compiled in a logbook and kept for future reference.

Prepared spray mixture must not be left in the spray tank for any length of time e.g. overnight. The addition of molasses has an acidifying effect and reduces evaporation of the spray mist. For ground application add 10 % molasses by volume and 20 % for aerial application.

#### **APPLICATION RATES:**

CROP	ml / 100l water	Dosage / Ha or as indicated	Remarks		CROP	ml / 100l water	Dosage / Ha or as indicated	Remarks
<b>TOMATO</b> Bollworm ( <i>Helicoveropa</i> <i>armigera</i> ) Semi-looper ( <i>Chrysodexis acuta</i> )	3.5 ml/100 l water		<b>Ground application:</b> Apply as a full cover spray at the first signs of infestation. Repeat the application at 7 - 10 day intervals or as directed by inspection of the crop. Apply 500 - 1 000 L spray mixture / ha. Use lower spray volume of 500 L / ha for plants smaller than 1 m and higher spray volume for taller plants.		<b>PEAS (including MANGE TOUT)</b> Bollworm ( <i>Helicoverpa armigera</i> )		42 ml / ha 50 ml / ha	Ground application: Apply in not less than 200 I water / ha. Start application at flowering when the infestation of bollworm larvae is at 2 bollworms / 20 plants. If a re-infestation occurs, a follow up application may be necessary. <b>Pivot application:</b> Start application when the infestation of bollworm eggs are at a level of 6 eggs / 24 plants or the
<b>POTATO</b> Tuber moth larvae ( <i>Phthorimaea</i> <i>operculella</i> )		50 ml / ha	Ground application: Apply in 250 – 500 l water / ha depending on plant size. Start spraying when plants are one month old or earlier if an infestation should occur. Apply every					larvae at 2 larvae / 24 plants. A correctly calibrated injector on the pivot line must be used. Pivot speed to be at 100 %. See "Warnings" warning against resistance.
Bollworm (Helicoverpa armigera)		55 ml / ha	10 - 14 days and ridge at least twice during the growing season. <b>Aerial application:</b> Apply in at least 30 L water / ha. Start spraying as soon as plants are one month old or earlier if an infestation should occur. Repeat application every 10 – 14 days and ridge at least twice during the growing season. See "Warnings" - warning against resistance.		<b>CRUCIFERAE</b> Bollworm ( <i>Helicoverpa armigera</i> ) and Caterpillars of the Diamond back moth ( <i>Plutella xylostella</i> )	3,5ml / 100 l water		Ensure good wetting of the plant by adding a wetting agent. Commence spraying at the first signs of the pest and repeat sprays at 10 - 14 day intervals. Apply 500 - 1000 l spray mixture / ha. See "Warnings" - warning against resistance.
					MAIZE, SWEETCORN, LUCERNE Bollworm (Helicoverpa armigera)		42 ml / ha	Ground application: Apply in 250 – 500 l water / ha depending on plant size. Scout fields at 7 day intervals from
DRY BEANS, GROUNDNUTS, GREEN BEANS Bollworm (Helicoverpa armigera)		42 ml / ha	Commence application as soon as eggs or larvae are noticed on plants. Repeat the application at 14 day intervals or as directed by inspection of the crop. <b>Ground application:</b> Apply in 250 – 500 l water / ha depending on plant size. Scout fields at 7 day intervals from time of flowering and start spraying when infestation is noticed. Larvae should not be larger than 1 cm in length for optimum control. Scout field every 7 days or 3 days after rain.		Pink stalk borer (Sesamia calamistis)		0.4 ml / 100 m row	time of flowering and start spraying when infestation is noticed. Larvae should not be larger than 1 cm in length. Scout every 3 days after rain and spray if necessary. See "Warnings" - Warning against resistance. <b>Ground application:</b> Sweetcom: Apply directly into funnel. Start spraying 2 weeks after planting and repeat at 10 - 14 day intervals until the ears appear. Use in not less than 3 I water / 100 m row.
		42 ml / ha	Repeat application if necessary. Aerial application: Apply in 30 I water / ha. See "Warnings" - warning against resistance.					
SOYBEANS Bollworm (Helicoverpa armigera)		50 ml / ha 50 ml / ha	<b>Ground application:</b> Ensure good coverage of the plants by applying in 200 – 300 l water / ha. Start application as soon as an infestation is noticed and repeat as necessary. <b>Aerial application:</b> Apply in 30 l water / ha. Start applic ation as soon as infestation is noticed and repeat as necessary. See "Warnings" - warning against resistance.					

CROP	ml / 100l water	Dosage / Ha or as indicated	Remarks	CROP	ml / 100l water	Dosage / Ha or as indicated	Remarks
MAIZE Maize stalk borer (Busseola fusca) (First and second generation)		0.5 ml / 100 m row	Treat before larvae enter stalks. Apply up to the stage when tassels are enclosed by the flag leaf. <b>Ground application:</b> The first application must be made when 10 % of the plants show shot-hole damage. Apply in 3 I water / 100 m row.	ALL CROPS Cutworm (Agrotis spp.)			Soil must be well-prepared - free of clods and excessive plant debris. Apply pre- or post-emergence. Apply ONLY if the top 3 cm of soil is moist. Where high cutworm populations is expected (minimum tillage), monitor infestations for follow-up applications.
Chilo stalk borer <i>(Chilo partellus)</i>		0r 50 ml / ha 50 ml / ha	The spray must be directed into the funnel. When larvae are longer than 10 mm or a re-infestation occurs a second application may be necessary within 10 - 12 days after the first application. <b>Aerial application</b> . Apply in 30 l water / ha as an early corrective			0.1 ml / 100 m row 30 ml / ha 30 ml / ha	Preventive application (pre-emergence): Ground application: Row treatment: Apply in at least 3 l water / 100 m in a 30 cm wide band over row. Overall application: Apply in 300 l water/ha. Aerial application: Apply in 30 l water / ha.
Fall Armyworm (Spodoptera		0.5 ml / 100	application when 10 % of the plants show shot-hole damage. When larvae are longer than 10 mm or a re-infestation occurs a second application may be necessary within 10 - 12 days after the first application. <b>Ground application:</b> See remarks for stalk borer control			0.1 ml / 100 m row 30 ml / ha	Corrective application: Row treatment: Apply in at least 3 l water / 100 m in a 30 cm wide band over the row. Overall application: Apply in 300l water / ha. Aerial application: Apply in 30 l water / ha.
frugiperda) ONIONS Thrips (Thrips tabaci)		m row 33 – 50 ml / ha	above. Start applying when the first signs of damage are noticed on the leaves. Apply in a spray programme every 10 - 14 days. The lower dosage rate can be used if thrip counts are below 0,6 thrips per plant (6 per 10 plants). Follow up applications with higher dosage rate 10 - 14 days later. <b>DO NOT</b> use on spring	MACADAMIA Stink bug (Nezara viridula)	4,2 ml / 100 l water		Apply as high volume full cover spray. Application timing is based on stinkbug numbers. Scouting for stinkbug is done according to the tree shake method. Start monitoring stinkbug numbers two weeks after flowering. Apply when average of 1.8 stinkbugs are counted per tree (18 per 10 trees). Two to three applications may be necessary per season.
<b>SORGHUM</b> American ( <i>African</i> ) bollworm ( <i>Helicoverpa armigera</i> )		42 ml / ha 42 ml / ha	onions. <b>Ground application:</b> Direct application onto ears. Apply in 300 – 500l water / ha. Start application as soon as infestation is present. Follow up if necessary. <b>Aerial application:</b> Apply in 30 l water / ha. Apply when	WHEAT American (African) bollworm (Helicoverpa armigera)		42 ml / ha	Apply as a full cover spray as soon as pest appears and ensure adequate wetting of ears. Repeat after 10 - 14 days depending on level of infestation. Ground and aerial application in 250 – 500 l and 30 l water / ha respectively. See warn ing against resistance under "Warnings" above.
Stalk borer ( <i>Busseola fusca)</i>		0.4 ml / 100 m row 42 ml / ha	pest is noticed. If bollworm are concealed in the ear, control may be less effective. Later infestations may require a second application. See "Warnings" - warning against resistance. <b>Ground application:</b> Apply in funnel when 5 % of plants show shot-hole damage and larvae have not yet entered stalks. Apply in 3 I water/100 m and direct spray into the funnel. Will also control <i>Chilo partellus</i> if present at time of application. <b>Aerial application:</b> Apply in 30 I water / ha.	F			TION ON THIS PRODUCT, ARE 04 - 309825



Material group	15F/1526	Page 1 of 15
Product name	1526, GAMMA-CYHALOTHRIN 60 g/I CS	
		April 2017
Safety data sheet according to EU Reg. 1907/2006 as amended Supersedes July 2015		

## SAFETY DATA SHEET

## 1526, GAMMA-CYHALOTHRIN 60 g/I CS

Revision: Sections containing a revision or new information are marked with a **\***.

SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

1.1.	Product identifier	1526, Gamma-cyhalothrin 60 g/l CS Contains gamma-cyhalothrin and 1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)- one
1.2.	Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses	
	advised against	Can be used as insecticide only.
1.3.	Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet	<b>CHEMINOVA A/S</b> , a subsidiary of FMC Corporation Thyborønvej 78 DK-7673 Harboøre Denmark <u>SDS.Ronland@fmc.com</u>
1.4.	Emergency telephone number	
	Company	(+45) 97 83 53 53 (24 h; for emergencies only)
	Medical emergencies:	
	Austria: +43 1 406 43 43	Norway: +47 22 591300
	Belgium: +32 70 245 245	Poland: +48 22 619 66 54
	Bulgaria: +359 2 9154 409	+48 22 619 08 97
	Czech Republic: +420 224 919 293	Portugal: 808 250 143 (in Portugal only)
	+420 224 915 402	+351 21 330 3284
	Denmark: +45 82 12 12 12	Romania: +40 21318 3606
	France: +33 (0) 1 45 42 59 59	Slovakia: +421 2 54 77 4 166
	Finland: +358 9 471 977	Slovenia: +386 41 650 500 Spain: +34 91 562 04 20
	Hungary: +36 80 20 11 99	Sweden: +46 08-331231
	Ireland (Republic): +352 1 809 2166 Italy: +39 02 6610 1029	112
	Lithuania: +370 523 62052	Switzerland: 145
	+370 687 53378	United Kingdom: 0870 600 6266 (in the UK only)
	Luxembourg: +352 8002 5500	U.S.A. & Canada: +1 800 / 331-3148 (PROSAR)
	Netherlands: +31 30 274 88 88	All other countries: +1 651 / 632-6793 (PROSAR - Collect)

## SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Sensitisation – skin: Category 1 (H317) Specific target organ toxicity – repeated exposure: Category 2 (H373)



Materia	al group	15F/1526		Page 2 of 15
Produc		1526, GAMMA-CYHALOTHR	IN 60 g/I CS	6
			<b>U</b>	April 2017
			Hazards to the aquatic environment, acute: chroni	
	WHO c	lassification	Class III: Slightly hazardous	
	Health hazards		The product may cause hypersensitivity by individuals. Chronic exposure may cause f central and peripheral nervous systems (see	unctional changes in the
			Gamma-cyhalothrin is very toxic by inhala In this formulation it is present in microence lower its toxicity, but inhalation of spray of	capsulated form, which will
	Enviror	mental hazards	The product is very toxic to aquatic organis	sms.
2.2.	2.2. Label elements <u>According to EU Reg. 1272/2008 a</u> Product identifier		1526, Gamma-cyhalothrin 60 g/l CS	
			Contains gamma-cyhalothrin and 1,2-benz	isothiazol-3(2H)-one
	Hazard GHS09	pictograms (GHS07, GHS08, )		
	Signal v	word	Warning	
		statements	May appear all and a shire of	
			May cause an allergic skin reaction. May cause damage to nervous system throu exposure.	ugh prolonged or repeated
	H410		Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting	effects.
	Suppler	nentary hazard statement		
		1	To avoid risks to human health and the envinstructions of use.	rironment, comply with the
		ionary statements		
			Avoid breathing vapours.	
			Wear protective gloves.	
	-		Get medical attention/advice if you feel un	
		313	If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medica	
		364	Take off contaminated clothing and wash i	
	P301		Dispose of contents/container as hazardous	s waste.
2.3.	Other l	nazards	None of the ingredients in the product mee or vPvB.	ts the criteria for being PBT



Material group	15F/1526	Page 3 of 15
Product name	1526, GAMMA-CYHALOTHRIN 60 g/I CS	
		April 2017

## SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

3.1.	Substances	The product	is a mixture, r	ot a substance.	
3.2.	Mixtures	See section 1	6 for full text	of hazard staten	nents.
	A dive in the disco			n in water of por dient gamma-cy	ous microcapsules halothrin.
	<u>Active ingredient</u> Gamma-cyhalothrin CAS name	Content: 6% Cyclopropan penyl)-2,2-d [1R-[1α(S*)	ecarboxylic ad imethyl, cyano	cid, 3-(2-chloro- o(3-phenoxypher	3,3,3-trifluoro-1-pro- nyl)methyl ester,
	CAS no IUPAC name	76703-62-3 (S)-α-Cyano	-3-phenoxybe	nzyl (Z)-(1R,3R nethylcyclopropa	)-3-(2-chloro-3,3,3-tri- anecarboxylate
	ISO name/EU name EC no. (EINECS no.)	Gamma-cyha None	alothrin		
	EU index no Classification of the ingredient	Acute derma Acute inhala Sensitisation STOT – repo	tion toxicity: ( – skin: Categ eated exposure	egory 4 (H312) Category 1 (H33 ory 1A (H317) :: Category 1 (H ironment, acute:	372) Category 1 (H400)
	Structural formula	F <sub>3</sub> C CI H <sub>3</sub> C	CH <sub>3</sub>	CN	C: Category 1 (H410)
	Reportable ingredients	Content (% w/w)	CAS no.	EC no.	Classification
	Hydrocarbons, C10-C13, aromatics, < 1% naphthalene Reg. no. 01-2119451097-39	5		922-153-0	Asp. Tox. 1 (H304) Aquatic Chronic 2 (H411)
	1,2-Benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one	max. 0.03	2634-33-5	EINECS no.: 220-120-9	Acute Tox. 4 (H302) Skin Irrit. 2 (H315) Eye Dam. 1 (H318) Skin Sens. 1A (H317) Aquatic Acute 1 (H400)

## **SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES**

4.1. **Description of first aid measures** 

If exposure has occurred, do not wait for symptoms to develop, but immediately start the procedures described below.



Materia	al group	15F/1526		Page 4 of 15	
Produc	Product name 1526, GAMMA-CYHALOTHF		IN 60 g/I CS		
				April 2017	
Inhalation		on	If experiencing any discomfort, immediately remove from exposure. Light cases: Keep person under surveillance. Get medical attention immediately if symptoms develop. Serious cases: Get medical attention immediately or call for an ambulance.		
			If breathing has stopped, immediately start maintain until a physician takes charge of t		
	Skin co	ntact	Immediately remove contaminated clothing and footwear. Do not start with flushing with water, but wipe off with dry cloth or using talcum powder, followed by washing with water and soap. Thereafter apply lidocaine, vitamin E cream, fatty skin care oil or cream. See physician if contamination is severe or if feeling unwell.		
	Eye con	tact	Immediately rinse eyes with much water or eyewash solution, occasionally opening eyelids, until no evidence of chemical remains. Remove contact lenses after a few minutes and rinse again. See physician immediately.		
	Ingestion		Let the exposed person rinse mouth with w or 2 glasses of water (not milk or cream or fats, which may enhance absorption), but n vomiting does occur, let him/her rinse mou Never give anything by mouth to an uncons attention immediately.	other substance containing ot induce vomiting. If th and drink water again.	
4.2.	2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed		Gamma-cyhalothrin can cause feelings of burning, tingling or numbness in exposed areas (paraesthesia).		
4.3.	4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed		If any sign of poisoning occurs, call a docto hospital immediately. Explain that the victi pyrethroid insecticide. Describe his/her cor exposure. Immediately remove the exposed where the product is present.	m has been exposed to a addition and the extent of	
			As soon as a feeling of tingling is noted in a 11), it is recommended to immediately app cream. For this purpose lidocaine or vitami available at the workplace.	ly lidocaine or a vitamin E	
			It may be helpful to show this safety data sh	heet to physician.	
Notes to physician		physician	A specific antidote against this substance is and administration of activated charcoal ca decontamination, treatment is symptomatic indicated. Normally recovery is spontaneou	n be considered. After and supportive as	
			If allowed to penetrate the skin, <b>gamma-cy</b> irritation similar to sunburn. The substance polar environment such as a fat based oil of has been reported to be beneficial. Water is	will be drawn into a non- r cream. Vitamin E cream	



Material group	15F/1526	Page 5 of 15
Product name	1526, GAMMA-CYHALOTHRIN 60 g/I CS	
		April 2017

decrease, but may prolong the irritation. Hot water may increase the pain.

For eye contamination, instillation of local anaesthetic can be considered.

## **SECTION 5: FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES**

5.1. Extinguishing media	Dry chemical or carbon dioxide for small fires, water spray or foam for large fires. Avoid heavy hose streams.
5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture	The essential breakdown products are volatile, toxic, irritant and inflammable compounds such as nitrogen oxides, hydrogen chloride, hydrogen fluoride, carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide and various chlorinated and fluorinated organic compounds. Traces of hydrogen cyanide may be present.
5.3. Advice for firefighters	Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool. Approach fire from upwind to avoid hazardous vapours and toxic decomposition products. Fight fire from protected location or maximum possible distance. Dike area to prevent water runoff. Firemen should wear self- contained breathing apparatus and protective clothing.

## SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1.	Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures	It is recommended to have a plan for the avoidance of spills. If spillage does occur, it has to be removed and the area cleaned immediately according to a predetermined plan. It is recommended to clean area or equipment also if contamination is suspected.
		Empty, sealable vessels for the collection of spills should be available.
		<ul><li>In case of large spill (involving 10 tonnes of the product or more):</li><li>1. use personal protection equipment; see section 8</li><li>2. call emergency telephone no.; see section 1</li><li>3. alert authorities.</li></ul>
		Observe all safety precautions when cleaning up spills. Use personal protection equipment. Depending on the magnitude of the spill this may mean wearing respirator, face mask or eye protection, chemical resistant clothing, gloves and rubber boots.
		Stop the source of the spill immediately if safe to do so. Keep unprotected persons away from the spill area. Avoid and reduce formation of vapour or mist as much as possible.
6.2.	Environmental precautions	Contain the spill to prevent any further contamination of surface, soil or water. Wash waters must be prevented from entering surface water drains. Uncontrolled discharge into water courses must be alerted to the appropriate regulatory body.



Material group	15F/1526	Page 6 of 15
Product name	1526, GAMMA-CYHALOTHRIN 60 g/I CS	
		April 2017

6.3. Methods and materials for It is recommended to consider possibilities to prevent damaging effects of spills, such as bunding or capping. See GHS (Annex 4, containment and cleaning up Section 6). If appropriate, surface water drains should be covered. Minor spills on the floor or other impervious surface should be absorbed onto an absorptive material such as universal binder, Fuller's earth or other absorbent clays. Collect the contaminated absorbent in suitable containers. Clean area with detergent and much water. Absorb wash liquid with absorbent and transfer to suitable containers. The used containers should be properly closed and labelled. Large spills which soak into the ground should be dug up and transferred to suitable containers. Spills in water should be contained as much as possible by isolation of the contaminated water. The contaminated water must be collected and removed for treatment or disposal. Area or equipment can be cleaned with water/isopropanol mixture (25/75) under alkaline conditions (pH > 12). Personal protection equipment must also be used when cleaning. See subsection 8.2. for personal protection. 6.4. Reference to other sections ...... See section 13 for disposal.

### **\*** SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1. Precautions for safe handling	In an industrial environment it is important to avoid all personal contact with the product, if possible by using closed systems with remote system control. The material should be handled by mechanical means as much as possible. Adequate ventilation or local exhaust ventilation is required. The exhaust gases should be filtered or treated otherwise. For personal protection in this situation, see section 8. For its use as a pesticide, first look for precautions and personal protection measures on the officially approved label on the packaging or for other official guidance or policy in force. If these are lacking, see section 8.
	Keep all unprotected persons and children away from working area. Remove contaminated clothing immediately. Wash thoroughly after handling. Before removing gloves, wash them with water and soap. After work, take off all work clothes and footwear. Take a shower, using water and soap. Wear only clean clothes when leaving job. Wash protective clothing and protective equipment with water and soap after each use.



Product name	1526, GAMMA-CYHALOTH	RIN 60 g/l CS	
			April 2017
7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities		The work area should always be kept clean. Used personal protection equipment should either be thrown out or be cleaned immediately after use. Respirator should be cleaned and filter replaced according to instructions provided with respirator. Do not discharge to the environment. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment wash waters. Collect all waste material and remains from cleaning equipment, etc., and dispose of as hazardous waste. See section 13 for disposal. The product is stable under normal conditions of warehouse storage.	
		Protect against extremes of heat and cold. T allowed to dry out. Store in closed, labelled containers. The sto constructed of incombustible material, close impermeable floor, without access of unaut children. A warning sign reading "POISON room should only be used for storage of che and seed should not be present. A hand was available.	orage room should be ed, dry, ventilated and with horised persons or I" is recommended. The emicals. Food, drink, feed
7.2 G	• ()	Storage of mixtures of the product with oth toxicity because of extraction of the active scapsules.	ingredient from the
7.3. Specific	end use(s)	The product is a registered pesticide which applications it is registered for, in accordan the regulatory authorities.	

8.1.	<b>Control parameters</b> Personal exposure limits	To our knowledge, no exposure limits have been established for gamma-cyhalothrin. An internal value of 0.02 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (8-hr LTEL- TWA) is recommended by the manufacturer. However, other personal exposure limits defined by local regulations may exist and must be observed.
	<b>Gamma-cyhalothrin</b> DNEL, systemic PNEC, aquatic environment	0.034 mg/kg bw/dag 0.044 ng/l
8.2.	Exposure controls	When used in a closed system, personal protection equipment will not be required. The following is meant for other situations, when the use of a closed system is not possible, or when it is necessary to open the system. Consider the need to render equipment or piping systems non- hazardous before opening.



Material group	15F/1526		Page 8 of 15
Product name	1526, GAMMA-CYHALOTHR	IN 60 g/I CS	April 2017
		The precautions mentioned below are prim the undiluted product and for preparing the recommended for spraying as well. In cases of incidental high exposure, maxin be necessary, such as respirator, face mask, coveralls.	arily meant for handling of spray solution, but can be nal personal protection may
	Respiratory protection	The product does not automatically present concern during normal handling. In the eve discharge of the material which produces a workers must put on officially approved res equipment with a universal filter type inclu	nt of an accidental heavy vapour or mist, spiratory protection
	Protective gloves	Wear long chemical resistant gloves, such a rubber or nitrile rubber. The breakthrough t the product are unknown. Generally, howey gloves will give only partial protection again tears in the gloves and cross-contamination recommended to limit the work to be done gloves immediately if there is a suspicion of not to touch anything with contaminated gl be thrown out and not be reused. Wash han immediately after work is finished.	times of these materials for ver, the use of protective inst dermal exposure. Small can easily occur. It is manually and to change the of contamination. Be careful oves. Used gloves should
	Eye protection	Wear face shield rather than goggles or safe of eye contact should be excluded.	ety glasses. The possibility
	Other skin protection	Wear appropriate chemical resistant clothir depending on the extent of exposure. Durin situations where exposure to the material ca limited time span, waterproof pants and apprate material or coveralls of polyethylene (PE) of PE must be discarded after use if contam excessive or prolonged exposure, coveralls required.	g most normal work annot be avoided for a ron of chemical resistant will be sufficient. Coveralls inated. In cases of

## **SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES**

9.1.	Information on physical and
	chemical properties

chemieur properties	
Appearance	(
Odour	(
Odour threshold	l
рН	1
Melting point/freezing point	]
Initial boiling point and boiling range	]
Flash point	2
Evaporation rate	1

Opaque off-white liquid Oily Not determined 1% solution in water: 5.71 at 23°C Below 0°C Decomposes > 100°C (Setaflash closed cup) Not determined



Material group	15F/1526	Page 9 of 15
Product name	1526, GAMMA-CYHALOTHRIN 60 g/I CS	
		April 2017

	Flammability (solid/gas) Upper/lower flammability or	Not applicable (liquid)
	explosive limits	Not determined
	Vapour pressure	<b>Gamma-cyhalothrin</b> : 1.03 x 10 <sup>-7</sup> Pa at 20°C
	1 1	$3.45 \times 10^{-7}$ Pa at 25°C
	Vapour density	Not determined
	Relative density	Not determined
	5	Density: 1.019 g/ml at 20°C
	Solubility(ies)	Solubility of gamma-cyhalothrin at 19°C in:
		ethyl acetate $> 500 \text{ g/l}$
		heptane 30.7 g/l
		water $0.0021 \text{ mg/l at } 20^{\circ}\text{C}$
		Some solvents favour the extraction of the active ingredient from the
		capsules.
	Partition coefficient n-octanol/water	<b>Gamma-cyhalothrin</b> : $\log K_{ow} = 5.2$ at 25°C
	Autoignition temperature	None below 400°C
	Decomposition temperature	Not determined
	Viscosity	The product has high viscosity. It is a non-newtonian fluid; viscosity
		decreases with increasing shear rate.
		Shear rate 0.01 s <sup>-1</sup> : > 1 x $10^4$ mPa.s
		Shear rate 100 s <sup>-1</sup> : 45 - 130 mPa.s
	Explosive properties	Not explosive
	Oxidising properties	Not oxidising
2		

9.2. Other information Miscibility .....

The product is dispersible in water.

## SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity	To our knowledge, the product has no special reactivities.
Chemical stability	Gamma-cyhalothrin decomposes on heating. Direct local heating such as electric heating or by steam must be avoided.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	None known.
Conditions to avoid	Heating of the product will evolve harmful and irritant vapours.
Incompatible materials	None known.
Hazardous decomposition products	See subsection 5.2.
	Reactivity Chemical stability Possibility of hazardous reactions Conditions to avoid Incompatible materials Hazardous decomposition products

## SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1.	Information on toxicologic	cal effects	* = Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
	<i><u>Product</u></i> Acute toxicity		The product is not considered as harmful. * The acute toxicity as measured on a similar product is:
	Route(s) of entry - ing	estion	LD <sub>50</sub> , oral, rat (male): 4444 mg/kg (method OECD 401)



Material group	15F/1526	Page 10 of 15
Product name	1526, GAMMA-CYHALOTHRIN 60 g/I CS	
		April 2017

	$LD_{50}$ , oral, rat (female): 3257 mg/kg
- skin	$LD_{50}$ , dermal, rat: > 5000 mg/kg (method OECD 402)
- inhalation	$LC_{50}$ , inhalation, rat: > 2.31 mg/l/4 h (method OECD 403)
Skin corrosion/irritation	Slightly irritating to skin (measured on a similar product, method OECD 404). *
Serious eye damage/irritation	Mildly to moderately irritating to eyes (measured on a similar product, method OECD 405). *
Respiratory or skin sensitisation	Sensitising (measured on a similar product; method OECD 406).
Germ cell mutagenicity	The product contains no ingredients known to be mutagenic. *
Carcinogenicity	The product contains no ingredients known to be carcinogenic. *
Reproductive toxicity	The product contains no ingredients known to have adverse effects on reproduction. *
STOT – single exposure	To our knowledge, no specific effects have been observed after single exposure. $*$
STOT – repeated exposure	The following has been measured on the active ingredient gamma- cyhalothrin: Target organ: nervous system. Repeated exposure may cause neurotoxic effects. Changes of behaviour were seen in animal tests at exposure levels of 6 - 8 mg/kg bw/day (method OECD 408).
Aspiration hazard	The product does not present an aspiration pneumonia hazard. *
Symptoms and effects, acute and delayed	On contact, gamma-cyhalothrin can cause feelings of burning, tingling or numbness in exposed areas (paraesthesia), which is harmless at low exposure, but can be quite painful, especially in the eye. The effect may result from splash, aerosol or transfer from contaminated gloves. The effect is transient, lasting up to 24 hours, but may in exceptional cases last longer. It may be considered as a warning that overexposure has occurred and that work practice should be reviewed.
Gamma-cyhalothrin Toxicokinetics, metabolism and distribution	Gamma-cyhalothrin is rapidly absorbed following ingestion. It is extensively metabolised. An elimination half-life of 23 days is reported from animal tests. Accumulation in fat is possible.
Acute toxicity	Gamma-cyhalothrin is very toxic by inhalation and toxic if swallowed. Toxicity by skin contact is less severe. The acute toxicity is measured as:
Route(s) of entry - ingestion	LD <sub>50</sub> , oral, rat (male): > 50 mg/kg (method OECD 401)



Material group	15F/1526	Page 11 of 15
Product name	1526, GAMMA-CYHALOTHRIN 60 g/I CS	
		April 2017

	LD <sub>50</sub> , oral, rat (female): approx. 55 mg/kg	
- skin	LD <sub>50</sub> , dermal, rat (female): approx. 1650 mg/kg (method OECD 402)	
- inhalation	LC <sub>50</sub> , inhalation, rat (female): 0.03 mg/l/4 h (method OECD 403)	
Skin corrosion/irritation	Mildly irritating to skin (method OECD 404). *	
Serious eye damage/irritation	Not irritating to eyes (method OECD 405). *	
Respiratory or skin sensitisation	Weakly sensitising (method OECD 406).	
<u>Hydrocarbons, C10-C13, aromatic</u> Acute toxicity	The substance is not considered as harmful. * The acute toxicity as	
	measured on a similar product is:	
Route(s) of entry - ingestion	$LD_{50}$ , oral, rat: > 5000 mg/kg (method OECD 401)	
- skin	$LD_{50}$ , dermal, rat: > 2000 mg/kg (method OECD 402)	
- inhalation	$LC_{50}$ , inhalation, rat: > 4.7 mg/l (method OECD 403)	
Skin corrosion/irritation	Can cause skin dryness (measured on similar products; method OECD 404).	
Serious eye damage/irritation	May cause mild, short-lasting discomfort to eyes (measured on similar products; method OECD 405). *	
Respiratory or skin sensitisation	Not expected to cause respiratory or skin sensitisation (measured on similar products; method OECD 406). *	
Aspiration hazard	Aromatic hydrocarbons present an aspiration hazard.	
<u>1,2-Benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one</u> Acute toxicity	The substance is harmful by ingestion.	
Route(s) of entry - ingestion	LD <sub>50</sub> , oral, rat (male): 670 mg/kg	
	LD <sub>50</sub> , oral, rat (female): 784 mg/kg (method OPPTS 870.1100, measured on 73% solution)	
- skin	LD <sub>50</sub> , dermal, rat: > 2000 mg/kg * (method OPPTS 870.1200, measured on 73% solution)	
- inhalation	LC <sub>50</sub> , inhalation, rat: not available	
Skin corrosion/irritation	Slightly irritating to skin (method OPPTS 870.2500).	
Serious eye damage/irritation	Severely irritating to eyes (method OPPTS 870.2400).	
Respiratory or skin sensitisation	Moderate dermal sensitizer to guinea pigs (method OPPTS 870.2600). The substance appears to be significantly more sensitising to humans.	



Material group	15F/1526	Page 12 of 15
Product name	1526, GAMMA-CYHALOTHRIN 60 g/I CS	
		April 2017

## **SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

Disposal of packaging .....

12.1.	· Toxicity		The product is very toxic to fish, aquatic invertebrates and insects. It is not considered as harmful to aquatic plants, soil micro- and macroorganisms and birds.	
	The ecotoxicity of	the product is measu	ired as:	
	- Fish	Golden orfe (Leucis	scus idus) 96-h LC <sub>50</sub> : 21 - 38 µg/l	
	- Invertebrates	Daphnids (Daphnia	<i>magna</i> Straus) 48-h LC <sub>50</sub> : 83.6 μg/l	
12.2.	Persistence and d	legradability	<b>Gamma-cyhalothrin</b> is not readily biodegradable. Its primary half- life in soil is measured to be 4 - 8 weeks depending on circumstances. It is not toxic to microorganisms in waste water treatment plants, but it is degraded only slowly.	
			The product contains minor amounts of not readily biodegradable components, which may not be degradable in waste water treatment plants.	
12.3.	Bioaccumulative	potential	See section 9 for octanol-water partition coefficient.	
			<b>Gamma-cyhalothrin</b> has the potential to bioaccumulate if continuouis exposure is maintained. It is excreted with a few weeks.	
12.4.	Mobility in soil		Gamma-cyhalothrin is not mobile in soil.	
12.5.	Results of PBT as assessment		None of the ingredients meets the criteria for being PBT or vPvB.	
12.6.	Other adverse eff	fects	Other relevant hazardous effects in the environment are not known.	
SECT	TION 13: DISPOS	AL CONSIDERATI	IONS	
13.1.	Waste treatment	methods	Remaining quantities of the material and empty but unclean packaging should be regarded as hazardous waste.	
			Disposal of waste and packagings must always be in accordance with all applicable local regulations.	
	Disposal of produ	ct	According to the Waste Framework Directive (2008/98/EC), possibilities for reuse or reprocessing should first be considered. If this is not feasible, the material can be disposed of by removal to a licensed chemical destruction plant or by controlled incineration with flue gas scrubbing.	
			Do not contaminate water, foodstuffs, feed or seed by storage or disposal. Do not discharge to sewer systems.	

It is recommended to consider possible ways of disposal in the



Material group	15F/1526	Page 13 of 15
Product name	1526, GAMMA-CYHALOTHRIN 60 g/I CS	
		April 2017

following order:

 Reuse or recycling should first be considered. If offered for recycling, containers must be emptied and triply rinsed (or equivalent). Do not discharge rinsing water to sewer systems.
Controlled incineration with flue gas scrubbing is possible for combustible packaging materials.
Delivery of the packaging to a licensed service for disposal of hazardous waste.

4. Disposal in a landfill or burning in open air should only occur as a last resort. For disposal in a landfill containers should be emptied completely, rinsed and punctured to make them unusable for other purposes. If burned, stay out of smoke.

## **\*** SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

## ADR/RID/IMDG/IATA/ICAO classification

14.1.	UN number	3082
14.2.	UN proper shipping name	Environmentally hazardous substance, liquid, n.o.s. (microencapsulated gamma-cyhalothrin)
14.3.	Transport hazard class(es)	9
14.4.	Packing group	III
14.5.	Environmental hazards	Marine pollutant
14.6.	Special precautions for user	Avoid any unnecessary contact with the product. Misuse can result in damage to health. Do not discharge to the environment.
14.7.	Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC code	The product is not transported in bulk by ship.
SECT	TION 15: REGULATORY INFORMA	TION
15.1.	Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for	Seveso category (Dir. 2012/18/EU): dangerous for the environment
	the substance or mixture	Young people under the age of 18 are not allowed to work with the substance.
		All ingredients are covered by EU chemical legislation.
15.2.	Chemical safety assessment	A chemical safety assessment is not required to be included for this product.



Material group	15F/1526	Page 14 of 15
Product name	1526, GAMMA-CYHALOTHRIN 60 g/I CS	
		April 2017

## **SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION**

Relevant changes in the safety data sheet	Minor cor	rrections only.
List of abbreviations	CAS CS Dir. DNEL EINECS GHS IBC ISO IUPAC LC <sub>50</sub> LD <sub>50</sub> MARPOL n.o.s. OECD OPPTS PBT PNEC Reg. STOT vPvB WHO	Chemical Abstracts Service Capsule Suspension Directive Derived No Effect Level European INventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances Globally Harmonized classification and labelling System of chemicals, Fifth revised edition 2013 International Bulk Chemical code International Organisation for Standardization International Organisation for Standardization International Union of Pure and Applied Chemistry 50% Lethal Concentration 50% Lethal Dose Set of rules from the International Maritime Organisation (IMO) for prevention of sea pollution Not otherwise specified Organisation for Economic Cooperation and Development Office of Prevention, Pesticides & Toxic Substances Persistent, Bioaccumulative, Toxic Predicted No Effect Concentration Registration, or Regulation Specific Target Organ Toxicity very Persistent, very Bioaccumulative World Health Organisation
References	data. Data	sured on this and a similar product are unpublished company a on ingredients are available from published literature and and several places.
Method for classification	Specific ta	ion – skin: read-across arget organ toxicity – repeated exposure: calculation rules o the aquatic environment: test data
Used hazard statements	H301 H302 H304 H312 H315 H317 H318 H330 H372 H373	Toxic if swallowed. Harmful if swallowed. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Harmful in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Causes serious eye damage. Fatal if inhaled. Causes damage to nervous system through prolonged or repeated exposure. May cause damage to nervous system through prolonged



Material group	15F/1526	Page 15 of 15
Product name	1526, GAMMA-CYHALOTHRIN 60 g/I CS	
		April 2017

	H400 H410 H411 EUH401	or repeated exposure. Very toxic to aquatic life. Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. To avoid risks to human health and the environment, comply with the instructions of use.
Advice on training	This material should only be used by persons who are made aware its hazardous properties and have been instructed in the required safety precautions.	

The information provided in this safety data sheet is believed to be accurate and reliable, but uses of the product vary and situations unforeseen by Cheminova A/S may exist. The user has to check the validity of the information under local circumstances.

Prepared by: Cheminova A/S / GHB