SAFETY PRECAUTIONS:

- Handle with care. Avoid splashing/contact. Poisonous by swallowing, inhalation and contact with skin and eves
- Wear protective clothing, boots, rubber gloves and safety goggles. KEEP OUT OF THE REACH OF CHILDREN
- KEEP APART FROM FOOD AND FOODSTUFFS
- KEEP UNDER LOCK AND KEY
- Do not inhale fumes or spray mist
- Avoid contact with skin and eyes
- Prevent spray drift onto other crops, grazing, rivers, dams or other areas not under treatment Do not eat, drink or smoke whilst mixing or applying or before washing hands and face and changing clothes.
- 10 Wear protective clothing, boots, rubber gloves and face shield when handling the product,
- Wash contaminated clothing daily.
- 12. FLAMMABLE - keep away from open flame.
- 13 Toxic to fish and birds.
- 14 Wash with soap and water after use and accidental skin contact.
- Clean all equipment thoroughly after use. Dispose of wash water where it will not contaminate crops, grazing, 15 rivers dams and boreholes
- 16 Triple rinse empty containers in the following manner : Invert the empty container over the soray or mixing tank and allow to drain for at least 30 seconds after the flow has slowed down to a drin. Thereafter, rinse the container three times with a volume of water equal to a minimum of 10% of that of the container. Add the rinsings to the contents of the spray tank before destroying the container in the described manner.
- Destroy the empty container by perforating and flattening and dispose of it in a safe manner. 18 Never re-use the empty container for any other purpose whatsoever.
- SYMPTOMS OF POISONING:

Vomiting, anxiety, salivation, shivering, convulsions and skin, eve, nose and throat irritations,

FIRST AID

Remove patient from source of exposure

Inhalation: Loosen clothing around neck and chest

Skin: Immediately remove all contaminated clothing and wash skin exposed to insecticide with plenty of soap and

Eve: Wash eves with large amounts of water for at least 15 minutes. Indestion: Induce vomiting. Take patient to doctor with this label

NOTE TO PHYSICIAN

In case of oral intake, vomiting should be induced and gastric layage should be applied with care. Vomiting should not be induced after toxic symptoms have developed. In the case of systemic intoxication, symptomatic and supportive treatment should be applied. For shivering and spasm intravenous application of appropriate initial doses of Disphenylhydantoin or Phenobarbital is indicated. Depression can occur after the stimulation. If the nervous system is affected, then nervous system stimulants can be used. Patient should be kept under observation to maintain breathing. cardo-vascular and kidney functions. The inhalation of the solvent present in the formulation can be the most important hazard as it can cause chemical pneumonia

ANTIDOTE: No known antidote

COMPATIBILITY

It is preferable to use this product on its own. It is however compatible with most EC formulations (e.g. cotton acaricides). Do not mix with highly alkaline materials, e.g. hydrated lime and lime sulphur.

SAFETY PRECAUTIONS

Empty container disposal

invert the empty container over the spray tank or mixing tank and allow to drain for at least 30 seconds after the flow has slowed down to a drip. Thereafter, rinse the container three times with a volume of water equal to a minimum of 10% of the container. Add the rinsings to the contents of the spray tank. Destroy the empty container by perforation and flattening. Return to supplier for recycling. DO NOT use for any other purpose. Dispose of the wash water at a site for the disposal of nesticides

Decontamination of sprayer

Clean applicator thoroughly after use and ensure that all traces of FENVALERATE 20% EC are removed. Make use of the following method:

(a) Drain and rinse tank, spray boom and hoses with clean water for at least 10 minutes

(a) Drain and the tank splay been the second to a little household bleach (5%) or 1.5 Litres of household bleach (3.5%) per 200 Lifres of water. Rinse hoses and spray boom and leave in tank for 15 minutes whilst agitating. Drain through nozzle outlete

(c) Repeat step (b) and thereafter, rinse thoroughly with clean water and dispose of the wash water at a site designated for the disposal of pesticides.

🖉 FENVALERATE 20% EC 🕅

Insecticide



Composition	mass/volume
Fenvalerate	20%
Inert ingredients	80%

Chemical group:

pyrethroid

A CONTACT, SYNTHETIC PYRETHROID INSECTICIDE FOR THE CONTROL OF A RANGE OF INSECT PESTS IN COTTON

TO CAUSE A HAZARD IN THE USE. STORAGE OR DISPOSAL OF THIS SUBSTANCE IS AN OFFENCE

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN

PEST	APPLICATION		DOSAGE	APPLICATION DIRECTIONS			
Cutworm immediately afte		(I) Cup Drench		20ml/100 litres water	Apply 30ml of the mixture to each seedling so as wet stem and soil surrounding base of seedling.		
planting	(i	i) Spray		32ml/100 litres water		500 litres spray i ne plants.	nix per hectare in a 30cm swatl
	è	(iii) incorporation with pre- emergence herbicide applicable over seedlings		160ml/ha	Mix 160ml of Fenvalerate 20%EC in the quantity herbicide mix required to treat 1 ha, preferably no less than 350 litres/ha.		
Cutworm post-planting lat) Cup Drench		20ml/100 litres water		up to 2 x 30ml o inding base of pla	cups per plant so as to wet so ant.
infestations		i) High Volume Spray	r	32ml/100 litres water	spray	425 litres spray to the base of th are covered.	mix per hectare directing the e plants and ensuring the lowe
	IOT b	N COTTON AS FOLI efore 25 th December 1 th February			ofFebru	uary.	
PEST	BATE			APPLICATION			
Heliothis		Quantity of FEN	VALE	RATE 20%EC/	15Litre	k/sack	By walking down every row
Bollworm Red Bollworm, spiny Bollworm Jassids, Stainers and leafeaters	(pun (wall	SACK LANCE iping frequency) king speed) sacks/ha	(ond pace	II/15ℓ knapsac ce every 6 es) 72m/min acks	(ond pac	nl/15ť knapsack ce every 4 es) 72 m/min /sacks	apply the required number of knapsacks full/ha
	TAIL frequ (Nun	PSACK BOOM (Pumping lency) hber of nozzles on n) knapsacks/ha	knar	l/15ł psack (once ry 6 paces) 4 zles) 7 k/sacks	(one pac	nl/15ľ knapsack ce every 4 es) (6 nozzles) d/sacks	By walking down every rov apply the required number of Knapsacks full/ha.
Heliothis		FENVALERAT	TE 20	%EC dosage /	crop he	eight	Add the Fenvalerate to a sma
Bollworm Red Bollworm, Spiny		Crop height	0.4	-0.9m	>0.9	9m	quantity of water and stir wel then add the mixture to th
		Dosage/ha	133	m	200	ml	prescribed quantity of wate and stir well again. Keep th
bollworm		Water spra	y vol/	crop height / sp	pray typ	pe	prepared spray well agitate
Jassids, Stainers and		Crop height	0.4	-0.9m	>0.9	Эm	during application. N.B Ad
		AERIAL	10ℓ/	ha	151/	/ha	aerial spraving.

Leafeaters MISTRI OWER 100*t*/ha To make 1 litre sprav mix: Add 40ml Fenvalerate to GROUND ULV 3.3*l*/ha (3 rows) (60 5t/ha (2 rows) (60 350ml molasses and make up (Swath width) m/min (0.5 0.25 m) m/min) (At top of to 1 litre with clean water (walking speed) (qoro (610ml): stir well, keep height of sprayer agitated and use immediately. above cron

WARNINGS

FENVALERATE may not be used on any crop between 1" June and 31" August.

In aerial applications protect the field and flag man from exposure as spray can cause minor skin irritation to susceptible persons; therefore use permanent marker flags to indicate aerial swath. Avoid spray drift. Do not allow human or animal entry to treated fields for at least 1 day after application.

WARRANTY:

The excellent results which this chemical should normally yield are not however warranted or guaranteed, as effectiveness can be greatly influenced by factors outside the control of either the manufacturers or the suppliers. No warranty whatsoever, express or implied, is therefore given concerning the performance or effectiveness of this chemical and responsibility is specifically excluded for any damage, injury or loss of any kind during or resulting from its handling, use or storage, whether or not such has been in accordance with directions. This product is warranted to consist of the ingredients shown on the label.

Date of Manufacture: MAR 2019 Batch No. 20190311

MAGCHEM (PVT) LIMITED WORKINGTON, HARARE. ZIMBABWE



NOVAAGRO (HK) LTD 6TH FLOOR, WYNDHAM PLACE,



1. Tripple rinse clean container after use 2. Punctures holes in bottom

3. Return to Maguires Recycling Facilitator / Return to nearest recycling facility



PRODUCT: FENVALERATE 200ECEFFECTIVE DATE: FEBRUARY 2020RENEWAL No.: 3PAGE: 1 of 5

SUPPLIER

: NOVA AGRO (HK) LTD. (Reg. No. 1023146) 6th Floor Wyndham Place 44 Wyndham Street CENTRAL HONG KONG

EMERGENCY TELEPHONE NUMBERS SPILLAGES:

 Emergency telephone
 : (+27) 83-676 1998

 POISONINGS:
 : (+27) 21-9386084 (office hours).

 National Poison Centre
 : (+27) 21-9316084 (office hours).

 (South Africa)
 : (+27) 21-9316129 (after hours).

1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE

Trade name	: FENVALERATE 200EC
Active ingredient	: Fenvalerate
Chemical Name	: (<i>RS</i>)-α-cyano-3-phenoxybenzyl
	(RS)-2-(4-chlorophenyl)-3-
	methyl butyrate
CAS No.	: 51630-58-1
Chemical Family	: Pyrethroid
Chemical Formula	: C ₂₅ H ₂₂ CλNO ₃ (Mol. wt.: 419.9)
Use	: Non-systemic insecticide.
UN number	: 3351
Hazchem class	: 6.1

2. COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Hazardous components	: Fenvalerate and Xylene
EEC number	: Not listed
EEC classification	: Not listed

3. HAZARD IDENTIFICATION

Toxicity class : WHO II; EPA II. A moderately toxic insecticide.

Main hazard : Can be toxic by skin and eye contact, ingestion and inhalation.

Eye contact : Minimally toxic. The product may cause mild irritation.

Skin contact : Minimally toxic. The product is irritating.

Ingestion: Moderately toxic if ingested. See point 4 for
symptoms.Inhalation: Toxic by inhalation. See point 4 for
symptoms.

4. FIRST AID MEASURES AND PRECAUTIONS

Symptoms of exposure to the product include: mucous membrane irritation from inhalation, itching and burning of the skin, nausea, vomiting, gastro-enteritis with diarrhoea, nervousness, anxiety, salivation, incoordination, tremors, muscular paralysis, convulsions, coma, and death through respiratory failure.

Fenvalerate can induce numbness, itching, tingling, and burning sensations in exposed workers, which develop after a latent period of approximately 30 min, peak by 8 hours, and disappear within 24 hours.

Inhalation:

Remove source of contamination or move victim to fresh air. Keep affected person warm and at rest. Supply oxygen if necessary. Treat symptomatically and supportively. Seek medical advice immediately.

Skin contact:

Remove contaminated clothing, shoes and leather goods. Gently wipe off excess chemical. Wash skin gently and thoroughly with water and non-abrasive soap followed by alcohol. Seek medical advice if necessary. The product is not considered to be a dermal sensitiser, but persons who become sensitised may require specialised medical management with anti-inflammatory agents.

Eye contact:

Immediately flush eyes with gently flowing lukewarm water or saline solution for 20 minutes, holding the eyelid(s) open. Seek medical attention if necessary.

Ingestion:

Remove by gastric lavage and catharsis. Supply oxygen if respiration is depressed. Do not perform gastric lavage if victim is unconscious. Seek medical advice immediately. Administration of lavage or oxygen should be performed by qualified medical personnel. Do <u>not</u> administer milk, cream, or other substances containing vegetable or animal fats which enhance absorption of pyrethroids.



PRODUCT	: FENVALERATE 200EC
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Advice to physician:

Contains xylene. There is no specific antidote. Treat symptomatically and supportively. Gastric lavage may be required and must be administered by qualified medical personnel, followed by ingestion of activated charcoal with water. If bowel movement has not occurred within 4 hours and patient is fully conscious, give sodium or magnesium sulphate as a cathartic.

5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Fire and explosion hazard:

The product is flammable. Hydrogen cyanide may be formed during thermal decomposition.

Extinguishing agents:

Extinguish small fires with carbon dioxide, dry powder, or alcohol-resistant foam. Water spray can be used for cooling of unaffected stock, but avoid water coming in contact with the product. Contain water used for firefighting for later disposal.

Firefighting:

Remove container from fire area if possible. Contain fire control agents for later disposal. Use a recommended extinguishing agent for the type of surrounding fire. Water can be used to cool unaffected containers but must be contained for later disposal. Avoid inhaling hazardous vapours. Keep upwind.

Personal protective equipment:

Fire may produce irritating or poisonous vapours (toxic fumes of hydrogen cyanide, chlorine, and oxides of nitrogen and carbon), mists or other products of combustion. Fire-fighters and others that may be exposed should wear full protective clothing and self-contained breathing apparatus.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES (SPILLAGE)

Personal precautions:

Do not inhale fumes. Ventilate area of spill or leak, especially confined areas. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. For personal protection see Section 8.

Environmental precautions:

Do not allow to enter drains or water courses. When the product contaminates public waters, inform appropriate authorities immediately in accordance with local regulations.

Occupational spill:

Do not allow the product to come in contact with water systems. Keep alkaline materials such as lime away from spilled fenvalerate.

Small liquid spills: Soak up with sand or other suitable noncombustible absorbent material, and place into containers for subsequent disposal.

Large spills: Contain liquid far ahead of spill. Contain spillage and contaminated water for subsequent disposal. Do not flush spilled material into drains. Keep spectators away and upwind.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE REQUIREMENTS

Handling:

Harmful by inhalation or if swallowed. Avoid contact with eyes and skin, and inhalation of fumes. Use with adequate Ventilation. Wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, smoking or using the toilet. Operators should change and wash clothing daily. Remove clothing immediately if the insecticide gets inside. Then wash skin thoroughly using a non-abrasive soap and put on clean clothing. Do not apply directly to areas where surface water is present, or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Water used to clean equipment must be disposed of correctly to avoid contamination.

Storage:

Keep under lock and key and out of reach of unauthorised persons, children and animals. Store in its original labeled container in isolated, dry, cool and well-ventilated area. Not to be stored next to foodstuffs and water supplies. Local regulations should be complied with.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROL / PERSONAL PROTECTION

Occupational exposure limits:

ACGIH-TLV: Listed (as Pyrethrum) (ACGIH, 1996)

1. 5 mg/m(3) TWA; no STEL

Engineering control measures:

It is essential to provide adequate ventilation. Ensure that control systems are properly designed and maintained. Comply with occupational safety, environmental, fire and other applicable regulations. If engineering controls and work practices are not effective in controlling exposure to this



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material, then wear suitable personal protective equipment including approved respiratory protection.

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT:

Respirator:

An approved respirator suitable for protection from dusts and mists of pesticides is required. Limitations of respirator use specified by the approving agency and the manufacturer must be observed.

Clothing:

Employee must wear appropriate protective (impervious) clothing and equipment to prevent skin contact with the substance.

Gloves:

Employee must wear appropriate synthetic protective gloves to prevent contact with this substance.

Eye protection:

The use of safety goggles is recommended.

Emergency eye wash: Where there is any possibility that an employee's eyes may be exposed to this substance, the employer should provide an eye wash fountain or appropriate alternative within the immediate work area for emergency use.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance:	Yellow-brownish clear liquid.
Odour:	Moderate to strong unsaturated
odour.	
Flammability:	Flammable.
Explosive properties:	The product is considered to be
explosive.	
Flash point:	23 °C (Pensky-marten closed cup).
Oxidising properties:	Considered to be oxidative.
pH:	6-8 (5% solution)
Relative density:	$D_4^{20} = 0.942 \pm 0.0002$ at 20°C.
Storage stability:	Stable for up to 2 years under
normal warehouse condition	ons. Stable at 0° C and 53° C.
Solubility in water:	Technical material: 1.07 µg/l at
20°C (pH 7.0 - 7.8).	
Solubility in organic solv	vents: (All solubility figures in g/l
at 20°C for active ingredie	ent.)
xylene:	> 200
methanol:	84
<i>n</i> -hexane:	53

Partition-coefficient in n-octanol / water:log Pow : 5.57 Data for technical material.Boiling point:Not available.

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Stability:

Stable in neutral and acidic media (optimum is pH 4), but hydrolysed by alkalis. The product is stable to heat and moisture.

Incompatibility:

Compatible with many insecticides, fungicides and acaricides, but incompatible with alkaline substances and alcohols. A compatibility test is required before using with other products. Do not physically mix concentrate directly with other pesticide concentrates; always dilute first. Alkaline substances may reduce the activity of the product.

Thermal decomposition:

Toxic fumes of chlorine and toxic oxides of nitrogen and carbon are produced when the product decomposes on heating.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Acute oral LD ₅₀ :	586 mg/kg in rats.
Acute dermal LD ₅₀ :	> 3 842 mg/kg in rats.
Acute inhalation LC ₅₀ :	0.77 mg/L of air over 4 hours (rats).
Acute skin irritation:	EEC: Irritant; EPA: Severe
irritant.	
Acute eye irritation:	The product may cause eye irritation
(rabbits).	
Dermal sensitisation:	Contact sensitizer (guinea pig).
Carcinogenicity:	Animal studies did not detect
carcinogenic activity. No	human information available.
Teratogenicity:	Animal studies did not detect any
teratogenic effects. No hu	iman information available.
Mutagenicity:	Animal studies did not detect any
mutagenic activity. No hu	ıman information available.

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

ECOTOXICOLOGY:

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Birds: Minimally toxic to birds. Acute oral LD_{50}: > 2 000 mg/kg (bobwhite quail).
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PRODUCT : FENVALERATE 200EC **EFFECTIVE DATE RENEWAL No.** DACE

: FEBRUARY 2020

(Fenvalerate)

(Fenvalerate)

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Fish:	Very toxic to fish. LC ₅₀ (96 hr): 2,4 µg/L	IMDG/IMO	
(Rainbow trou	t).	Packaging group:	II
Bees:	Toxic to bees. LD ₅₀ (oral): 5,8 µg/bee	Label of class:	6.1
LD ₅₀ (topical)	: 2,2 μg/bee.		MARINE POLLUTANT
Daphnia:	Very toxic to Daphnia magna. LC ₅₀ (48 h):	Shipping name:	Pyrethriod, pesticide,
1,4 μg /L.			liquid flammable (Fen
Earthworms:	(Eisenia foetida). LC ₅₀ (14 d):179.6 mg/kg		flashpoint 23°C
dry weight.		AIR/IATA	
Soil micro-or	ganisms: Not toxic when the product is used	Shipping name	Pyrethriod, pesticide,
at recommend	ed rates.		liquid flammable (Fen
Degradability	Microbial degradation is the most important		flashpoint 23°C
degradation p	athway in the soil column. The half-life in the	Class	6.1
soil column is	15 - 90 days. The half-life of the product on the	Hazard Label	Toxic & Flammable liquid
soil surface is	1 - 18 days. In water, hydrolysis with cleavage	Packaging Group	II
of the ester bo	nd occurs, with a half-life of 4 - 15 days.	Passenger Aircraft	Y609 (11itre)
Mobility:	The product is not mobile in soil.		Y609 (max 5 L)
Accumulation	: The product may bioaccumulate in aquatic	Cargo Aircraft	Y609 (max 60L)
organisms.		UK classification:	Not available.
German wgk	: 3	Tremcard ref number:	61G43b
13. DIS	POSAL CONSIDERATION	15. REGULATO	RY INFORMATION
Pesticide disp	osal:	Symbol: X _n , Xi	
Contaminated	absorbents, surplus product, etc., should be	Indication of danger:	Harmful and Irritant;
burned in a	high- temperature incinerator (> 1000° C) with		Dangerous for the environm

Contami burned in a high- temperature incinerator (> 1000°C) with effluent gas scrubbing. Never pour untreated waste or surplus products into public sewers or where there is any danger of runoff or seepage into water systems. Comply with local legislation applying to waste disposal.

Package product wastes:

Emptied containers retain vapour and product residues. Observe all labeled safeguards until container is destroyed. Combustible containers should be disposed of in pesticide incinerators. Non-combustible containers must first be triplerinsed with water, then punctured and transported to a scrap metal facility for recycling or disposal.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

UN NUMBER:	3351	
ADR/RID:		
Shipping name:	Pyrethroid	pesticide,liquid,toxic
	flammable (Fe	nvalerate)
Substance ID no.	3351	

Dangerous for the environment. **Risk phrase(s): R22** Harmful if swallowed. **R23** Toxic by inhalation. R36/38 Irritating to eyes and skin. R50/53 Very toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment. Safety phrases: **S2** Keep out of the reach of children. S36/37/39 Wear suitable protective clothing, gloves and eye/face protection. S45 In case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical advice immediately (show the label

where possible). S61 Avoid release to the environment. Refer to special instructions.

16. **OTHER INFORMATION**



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All information and instructions provided in this Material Safety Data Sheet (MSDS) are based on the current state of scientific and technical knowledge at the date indicated on the present MSDS and are presented in good faith and believed to be correct. This information applies to the PRODUCT AS SUCH. In case of new formulations or mixes, it is necessary to ascertain that a new danger will not appear.

It is the responsibility of persons in receipt of this MSDS to ensure that the information contained herein is properly read and understood by all people who may use, handle, dispose or in any way come in contact with the product. If the recipient subsequently produces formulations(s) containing this product, it is the recipients sole responsibility to ensure the transfer of all relevant information from this MSDS to their own MSDS.

REFERENCES

Applicable own physical and chemical, toxicity and ecotoxicity research studies.

The Pesticide Manual; 13th Edition; Editor, Clive Tomlin; Crop Protection Publications, 2003.

Pestline. Material Safety Data Sheets for Pesticides and Related Chemicals, Volume II, Occupational Health Services Inc.; 1991.

Agriculture and Public Health; Guide to the Treatment of Poisoning by Chemicals, 1993

Dangerous Goods Regulations 40th Edition, Effective 1 January 1999.